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Probabilistic Prediction Models for Data-Efficient RL

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Model-based Reinforcement Learning

- Models of the transition function
- Learned model serves as a proxy of real environment
- Learn policy using the model instead of the environment
 Reduce interactions with the system

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 Reduce interactions with the system
- Model bias/errors
- Probabilistic prediction models in RL
 - ► Account for uncertainty ► Mitigate effect of model errors
 - Exploration ("natural" and "safe")
 - Meta learning
 - Incorporation of engineering priors

Model learning problem: Find a function $f : x \mapsto f(x) = y$



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Predictions? Decision Making?

Model learning problem: Find a function $f : x \mapsto f(x) = y$ 3 2 \geq 0 -1 -2 -3 -4 -3 -2 -1 6 7 5 0 2 3 8 4

x More plausible models

Predictions? Decision Making? Model Errors!

Model learning problem: Find a function $f : x \mapsto f(x) = y$ 3 2 \geq С -2 -3^L -5 -4 -3 -2 -1 0 6 7 2 3 5 8 4 х

Distribution over plausible functions

Model learning problem: Find a function $f : x \mapsto f(x) = y$ з \geq -2 -3 -5 -4 -3 -2 -1 0 5 6 7 2 3 Distribution over plausible functions

 Express uncertainty about the underlying function to be robust to model errors
 Gaussian process for model learning (Rasmussen & Williams, 2006)

Fast Reinforcement Learning

PILCO Framework: High-Level Steps

- 1. Learn probabilistic model of transition function
- 2. Compute long-term predictions and expected cost/reward using the model
- 3. Policy improvement
- 4. Apply controller to system

Deisenroth et al. (IEEE-TPAMI, 2015): Gaussian Processes for Data-Efficient Learning in Robotics and Control

Probabilistic Models in RL

Probabilistic Model Essential? DEMO

- Probabilistic model: GP
- Deterministic model: Mean function of GP (still nonparametric)

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Probabilistic Models in RL

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Table: Average learning success with nonparametric (NP) transition models

	GP	"Deterministic" GP
Learning success	94.52%	0%

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Probabilistic Models in RL

Standard Benchmark Problem: Cart-Pole Swing-up



- Swing up and balance a freely swinging pendulum on a cart
- ► No knowledge about nonlinear dynamics ► Learn from scratch
- Saturating cost function $1 \exp(-\|\mathbf{x} \mathbf{x}_{target}\|^2)$
- Code available at https://github.com/icl-sml/pilco-matlab

Deisenroth & Rasmussen (ICML, 2011): PILCO: A Model-based and Data-efficient Approach to Policy Search

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Unprecedented learning speed compared to state-of-the-art

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Probabilistic Models in RL

Other Real-World Applications



with D Fox



with P Englert et al.



with A Kupcsik et al.



B Bischoff (Bosch), ECML 2013



A McHutchon (U Cambridge)



with B Bischoff et al.

Application to a wide range of robotic systems

Deisenroth et al. (RSS, 2011): Learning to Control a Low-Cost Manipulator using Data-efficient Reinforcement Learning Englert et al. (ICRA, 2013): Model-based Imitation Learning by Probabilistic Trajectory Matching Deisenroth et al. (ICRA, 2014): Multi-Task Policy Search for Robotics Kupcsik et al. (AAAI, 2013): Data-Efficient Generalization of Robot Skills with Contextual Policy Search Probabilistic Models in RL Marc Deisenroth @AAMAS/ICML/IJCAI, July 15, 2018

Safe Exploration





- Deal with real-world safety constraints
- Use probabilistic model to predict whether constraints are violated (e.g., Sui et al., 2015; Berkenkamp et al., 2017)
- Adjust policy if necessary (during policy learning)

▶ Safe exploration within an MPC-based RL setting

Probabilistic Models in RL

Probabilistic MPC in RL

- GP model for transition dynamics
- Repeat (while executing the policy):
 - 1. In current state x_t , determine optimal control sequence u_1^*, \ldots, u_H^*
 - 2. Apply first control u_1^* in state x_t
 - 3. Transition to next state x_{t+1}
 - 4. Update transition model

Kamthe & Deisenroth (AISTATS, 2018): Data-Efficient Reinforcement Learning with Probabilistic Model Predictive Control

Probabilistic MPC in RL

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- Theoretical guarantees with GP dynamics models via Pontryagin's Maximum Principle
- Principled treatment of state/control constraints
- Including the most recent state transition in the model significantly improves robustness to model errors

Kamthe & Deisenroth (AISTATS, 2018): Data-Efficient Reinforcement Learning with Probabilistic Model Predictive Control

Experimental Results: Constraints



PILCO	16/100	constraint violations
GP-MPC-Mean	21/100	constraint violations
GP-MPC-Var	3/100	constraint violations

▶ Propagating model uncertainty important for safety

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Probabilistic Models in RL

Meta Learning

- Different robot configurations (link lengths, weights, ...)
- Re-use experience gathered so far generalize to new dynamics that are similar
- Accelerated learning

Sæmundsson et al. (UAI, 2018): Meta Reinforcement Learning with Latent Variable Gaussian Processes

Meta Learning

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Approach:

- Model (unknown) configurations with latent variable
- Disentangle global and task specific properties
- Online inference of models of unseen configurations
- Few-shot model-based RL

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Probabilistic Models in RL

Meta Model Learning with Latent Variables



- GP captures global properties of the dynamics
- Latent variable *h* describes local configuration
 Variational inference to learn latent configuration
- Fast online inference of new configurations (no model re-training required)

Sæmundsson et al. (UAI, 2018): Meta Reinforcement Learning with Latent Variable Gaussian Processes

Probabilistic Models in RL

Latent Embeddings



- Latent variable *h* encodes length *l* and mass *m* of the cart pole
- ▶ 6 training tasks, 14 held-out test tasks

Sæmundsson et al. (UAI, 2018): Meta Reinforcement Learning with Latent Variable Gaussian Processes

Probabilistic Models in RL

Meta-RL (Cart Pole): Training



Pre-trained on 6 training configurations until solved

Model	Training (s)	Description
Independent	16.1 ± 0.4	Independent GP-MPC
Aggregated	23.7 ± 1.4	Aggregated experience (no latents)
Meta learning	$\textbf{15.1} \pm \textbf{0.5}$	Aggregated experience (with latents)

Meta learning can help speeding up RL

Sæmundsson et al. (UAI, 2018): Meta Reinforcement Learning with Latent Variable Gaussian Processes

Probabilistic Models in RL

Meta-RL (Cart Pole): Few-Shot Generalization



- Few-shot generalization on 4 unseen configurations
- ► Success: solve all 10 (6 training + 4 test) tasks
- Meta learning: blue
- Independent (GP-MPC): orange
- Aggregated experience model (no latents): green

Meta RL generalizes well to unseen tasks

Sæmundsson et al. (UAI, 2018): Meta Reinforcement Learning with Latent Variable Gaussian Processes

Probabilistic Models in RL

Wrap-up



- Probabilistic models in RL
 - Reduce model bias for data-efficient RL
 - Safe exploration
 - Meta learning with latent variables for few-shot learning
- Key to success: Probabilistic modeling and Bayesian inference

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Thank you for your attention

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